

Advanced Kinetics: Small Arms Needs and Concepts for AAN and Beyond

Donald J. Butz and Robert I. Widder
Battelle Columbus Operations
Columbus, OH and Crystal City, VA
24 June 1998

Based in part on a September '97 Workshop for the Joint Service Small Arms Program Office, under Army Research Office Contract No. DDAH04-96-C-0086, Delivery Order 0044

Battelle

Munitions and Ordnance

ndiajune98djb 6/22/98

685

Purpose and Approach

- Suggest challenges to long-term small arms development
- Present technology-based concepts from the JSSAP "Future Small Arms Blue Sky Conclave"
- This paper intends to
 - Stimulate discussions/long-term thinking
 - Suggest potential fruitful areas for exploration
 - Set the stage to further refine and evolve concepts

Definition of Small Arms

- Definition has evolved
- Objective Family of Small Arms is providing new capabilities, and setting the stage for new concepts
- Look to 2020/2025 & beyond
- Key areas of focus for R&D now include:
 - human/weapon interface and human factors
 - energy storage and power generation
 - fire control
 - energy delivery and target coupling

Timeframes for Reference (Looking to 2025)

- The Recent Past - 27 years Back
 - 1971 (Vietnam conflict)
 - Nearly the same explosives and propellants
 - Many of the same small arms weapons
 - Little fire control on the individual weapon
- Another 27 Years Back
 - 1944 (WWII)
 - Propellants/explosives of similar energy density
 - Low penetration bullets and warheads
 - Some of the same small arms weapons as today
 - Essentially no fire control aids

Definition of Advanced Kinetics

- For the purpose of this presentation
- Delivery of energy to a target via transport of mass (inert or chemically active)
- This could include:
 - projectiles and warheads
 - unguided or guided delivery platforms
 - focussed or directed macro-streams of mass (bulk mass, particles and/or gases)
- Consider all enabling subsystems including fire control and human-weapon interface

Important Elements of Army After Next

- Deploy from much **greater standoff**
- Operate in **rapid maneuver** more frequently
- Build around increased **small unit operations**
- Employ **superior knowledge and decision speed**
- Provide **superior weapons effects w/faster mobility**
- Be forced to work with some **legacy systems**
- Utilize & extend capabilities of **experienced leaders**

Likely Challenges to the Combatant

- More incidents involving **sophisticated combatants**
- Enemy with significant '**national technical means**'
- Combatants & populace possibly **highly intermixed**
- **More types of targets** for small arms and individual soldiers, with **reduced target signatures**
- **Longer lethal-ranges**, but lower collateral effects
- **Encounter weapons of mass destruction**

Challenges to Advanced Kinetics Development

- **Greater lethality from lighter platforms**
- **Support increased mobility and pace of operations**
- **Using streamlined logistical support - many fewer shots per kill will be needed**
- **Provide increased lethal range, but with controlled collateral effects**
- **Defeat harder targets having reduced signatures**
- **Use situational information in real time**
- **Coordinate target location and selection rapidly**

Potential Additional Challenges

- Support true **joint service**, internetted operations
- **Coordinate actions**/share data with more entities
- Use faster-than-real-time thinking/predictive solutions
- Work from an integrated, all-services technology base
 - less room for unique or individual needs
- Apply phenomena, concepts, technologies and components from other weapons programs
- Use non-defense R&D, enabling/critical technologies

JSSAP "Blue Sky" Futures Conclave

- Ongoing effort to assess, project & stimulate small arms technologies and R&D
- Build upon then go beyond Objective Family of Small Arms (OFSA) concepts, systems, technologies
- Two-day gathering of broad subject matter experts
- Held September 1997 at Picatinny Arsenal, NJ
- Continuing to identify and develop concepts and enabling technologies for AAN and beyond
- Some results follow

Battelle

Munitions and Ordnance

ndiajune98djb 6/22/98

Small Arms Targets and Desired Effects

- Personnel
 - armored
 - in defilade
- Wider spectrum of materiel targets including
 - light structures including many in urban areas
 - light vehicles (ground, maritime and aerial)
 - sensors (surface and aerial)
 - critical infrastructure (comms, power, fuel, mobility, etc.)
- Requirement for controlled lethality (level of lethality, lethal radius, standoff range)

Human/Weapon Interface

- Individualized weaponry (“oneness”)
- Human brain/computer fusion (tailored information delivery - method and rate)
- Embedded training and status monitoring
- Weapon security/safety control linked to shooter
- Recoil management and reduction
- Potential human performance enhancement

Fire Control on the Weapon

- Stabilized image and/or weapon-mounted sight
- Indirect sighting and shared sight information
- Image enhancement and fused multi-spectrum image
- Enhanced sensory capabilities
 - inter-netted sensors and automatic use of situational data
 - alternate sensory means
 - active atmospheric compensation
 - target signature enhancement
- IFF and target kill/damage assessment aids

Guided and Smart-Guided Projectiles

- Ground-based guidance aids
 - target seeker/sensor and navigational aids
 - fire control and guidance/control computer
 - data link to projectile having trajectory control capabilities
- Projectile-based guidance aids
 - positional and attitude sensors
 - flight computer
 - seeker/sensor
 - advanced terminal fuzing capabilities
- SACLOS (initial) or ACLOS (future) configurations

Guided and Smart-Guided Projectile Concepts

- Fly to a basket or a point in space
 - relative to computed or known target location
 - absolute (3-space) position and time
- Sense projectile/target relative or absolute position
 - to permit choice of function time or location in space
 - to permit first use of directional warheads
- Provide in-flight trajectory adjustments
 - compensate for communicated trajectory deviations
 - compensate for self-sensed trajectory deviations

Energy Storage and Power Generation

- Means to provide energy in the proper form for
 - Fire control (electrical, mechanical, or chemical?)
 - Projectile or warhead launch (chemical, mechanical or EM)
 - Projectile or warhead terminal effects (kinetic, chemical and/or EM energy)
- Sources
 - batteries and fuel cells, including with power management
 - truly advanced energetic propellants, explosives and incendiaries
 - recoil process; energy from environment; motion energy?

Energy Delivery and Target Coupling: General

- Projectiles (inert, reactive or explosive/energetic; ballistic or propelled)
- Warheads (ballistic or propelled)-bussed payloads
- Blast, thermal, and kinetic 'fragment' coupling at or near the target
- Projected gases/gas-particulates (contained vortices) and effective propagation and coupling to the target
- Focussed acoustics and shock waves

Advanced Kinetics Concepts: Projectile Launch

- How to achieve much faster flight to the target with acceptable recoil
 - higher muzzle velocity
 - in-flight acceleration or sustained thrust
- What are the true enabling technologies needed for practical small arms uses of:
 - electro-thermal-chemical launch
 - electromagnetic launch
 - in-bore and free-flight ramjets or electro-thermal ramjets

Advanced Kinetics Concepts: Launch and Propulsion

- Use guidance capabilities to overcome dispersion errors induced by in-flight propulsion including:
 - solid rocket motors
 - solid-fuel ramjets
 - micro gas-turbine engines
- Reduce recoil using
 - in-bore propulsion (travelling charges and rocket assist)
 - in-bore propulsion (ramjets of various types)
- Active recoil profile tailoring

Advanced Kinetics Concepts: Projectiles

■ Ballistics

- very fast spinning projectiles
- active drag reduction
- stability modification in flight
- in-flight sensing and compensation for dispersion errors
- gliding configurations

■ Structural Materials

- high density composite materials
- energetic materials having useful structural properties
- high force solid state actuators

Advanced Kinetics Concepts: Warheads

- Non-ideal detonation products tailored for alternate:
 - shock, blast and kinetic (fragment) energy balance
 - kinetic and thermal energy balance: thermobarics, etc.
 - still-reactive reaction products (incendiary or pyrophoric)
- Directional warheads
 - asymmetric configuration (with knowledge of attitude)
 - selectable initiation point?
 - deformable warhead?
- High energy density materials: stable & metastable

Advanced Kinetics Concepts: Warheads, Cont.

- Pure shock/blast; blast/fragment; blast/frag/thermal
- 'Volumetric' warheads: dispersed gaseous, liquid and/or solid phase fuel/oxidizer or energetic material
- Hybrid penetrator/warhead arrangements
 - hypervelocity reactive penetrator or hypervelocity macro-particle streams
 - antimateriel payload with flechettes dispersed at the target
 - very high velocity warhead with low explosive dispersal of fragment or penetrator cloud
 - miniature submunitions

Advanced Kinetics Concepts: Gases/Particulates, Waves and Shocks

- Generation and Propagation of Vortices
 - delivery of energy as a gas or gas-particle slug
 - delivery of kinetic energy with other additives
- Use of focussed acoustic energy
- Use of focussed shock waves

Other Concepts

- Alternate stability - dynamically stabilized rounds
- Novel-material projectiles - change compliance of projectile material or shape of projectile in flight
- Novel delivery platforms
 - micro aerial vehicles
 - ground-based robotics platforms
- Novel payloads
 - target signature enhancers
 - sensors for target or positional data

Some Advanced Kinetics Challenges

- Apply 'large caliber concepts' to small arms needs
- Develop affordable, guided projectile capabilities
- Utilize both defense & non-defense technology base
- Design for graceful degradation and backup capability
- Realize that the basic human nature and key physical limitations of the individual soldier will still be there
- Individualize weapons and develop them treating a person as part of the weapon system

Important Small Arms Subsystem Concepts

- Improved fire control
- Human-weapon integration
- Recoil effect attenuation
- Guided or smart projectiles
- In-flight propulsion and higher speeds
- Projectile stability concepts
- Advanced fuzing